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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/678,414	10/02/2000	David W. Carlson	NSC1-H1700 [P04797]	4381
33402 75	590 12/16/2005		EXAMINER	
LAW OFFICES OF MARK C. PICKERING			KEBEDE, BROOK	
P.O. BOX 300 PETALUMA, CA 94953			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TETALOWA,	CIL 71755		2823	
			DATE MAILED: 12/16/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	X			
Office Action Summary		09/678,414	CARLSON, DAVID	LSON, DAVID W.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Brook Kebede	2823				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	ldress			
WHIC - Exte afte - If NO - Failt Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING INTERIOR OF THE MAILI	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mun te, cause the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 f	November 2005					
2a)□		s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the							
٠,٠	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dienoeit	tion of Claims	en parto quajro, 1000 o	.5. 11, 100 0.0. 210.				
· _							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 31-52 is/are pending in the application.						
E _	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	Claim(s) <u>31-52</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
0)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected t	o by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawir	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	FR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PT	TO-152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigion All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in	Application No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	ority documents have bee	en received in this National	Stage			
	application from the International Burea	nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies no	ot received.				
Attachmen	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	·	Summary (PTO-413)				
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08		o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTC)-152)			
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other: _	* *	/			

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on November 7, 2005 has been entered.

Status of the Claims

2. Claims 31 - 52 are now pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 31-36, 38-46 and 49-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipate by Li et al. (US/6,162,368).

Re claims 31 and 42, Li et al. disclose a method for forming a planarized layer of material on a processed wafer, the wafer having a top surface, the top surface having spaced-apart wafer upper levels a wafer lower level that lies between the wafer upper levels, the wafer upper levels lying above the wafer lower level, the method comprising: forming a layer of first material (16) to contact the top surface of the wafer (10), the layer of first material (16) having a

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top surface, the top surface of the layer of first material having a first lower level and a first upper level that lies above the first lower level; forming a layer of second material (18) to contact the top surface of the layer of first material (16), the layer of second material being non-planar to surface; and chemically-mechanically polishing the non-planar top surface of the layer of second material (18) and the underlying layer of first material (16) with a slurry to form the planarized layer of second material (see Figs. 2D-2F); and wherein the layer of first material makes an electrical contact with a device on the wafer, the planarized layer of material lying over the wafer upper levels and the wafer lower level, the layer of the first material (16) having substantially planar top surface when the layer of second material (18) as soon as substantially all removed (see Fig. 2D) form the layer of first material (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 32, as applied to claim 31 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the planarized layer of material has first thickness over the wafer upper level and, wherein the layer of first material is formed such that the first lower level lies above the wafer upper level by a second thickness that is equal to or greater than the first thickness (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claims 33 - 35, as applied to claim 31 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the layer of first material is conductive layer (i.e., doped polysilicon which is doped prior forming the second material) and electrically connected to the device on wafer (i.e., substrate) (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

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Re claim 36, as applied to claim 31 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation the second material is non-conductive (i.e., being an oxide) (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 38 and 39, as applied to claim 31 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including forming a layer of third material (i.e., also mask layer) on the planarized layer of material (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 40, as applied to claim 38 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the planarized layer of material includes doped polysilicon; and the layer of third material lowers a resistance of doped polysilicon (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 40, as applied to claim 40 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including forming a mask on the layer of third material (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 43, as applied to claim 42 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the planarized layer of material has first thickness over the wafer upper level and, wherein the layer of first material is formed such that the first lower level lies above the wafer upper level by a second thickness that is equal to or greater than the first thickness (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claims 44 - 47, as applied to claim 42 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the layer of first material is conductive layer (i.e., doped polysilicon which is doped prior forming the second material) and electrically connected

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to the device on wafer (i.e., substrate) (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 49 and 50, as applied to claim 42 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including forming a layer of third material (i.e., also mask layer) on the planarized layer of material (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 51, as applied to claim 49 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the planarized layer of material includes doped polysilicon; and the layer of third material lowers a resistance of doped polysilicon (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Re claim 52, as applied to claim 51 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including forming a mask on the layer of third material (see Figs. 2A-2I and Col. 4, line 37 through Col. 6, line 54).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 37 and 48 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li et al. (US/6,162,368), as applied in Paragraph 4 above, in view of Weling et al. (US/5,378,318).

Re claims 37 and 48, as applied to claims 31 and 42 in Paragraph 4 above, Li et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including using a slurry that has a predetermined etch rate.

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However, Li et al. do not specifically disclose the etch selectivity of the first material to the second material approximately same rate (i.e., being 0.9-1.1:1).

Weling et al. disclose CMP of the first material (21) and second material (23) with a eth selectivity of 1:1, (i.e., approximately same rate) (see Fig. 1, Col. 7, lines 6-11).

Both Li et al. and Weling et al. teachings are directed to CMP process in order to planarize a material for semiconductor device fabrication. Therefore, the teachings Li et al. and Weling et al. are analogous

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to provide Li et al. reference with etch selectivity ratio 1:1 as taught by Weling et al. because in order to polish the first layer and second layer at the same rate and form planar surface for the fabrication of semiconductor device.

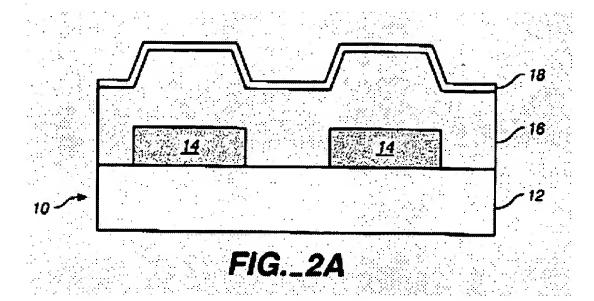
Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed on November 7, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

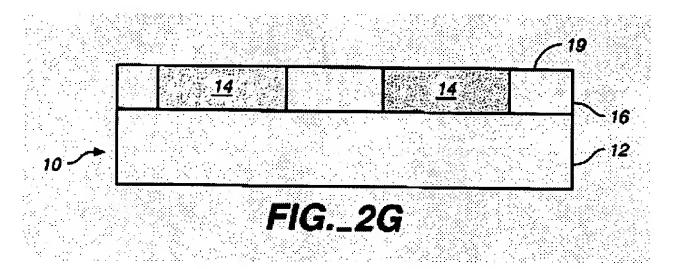
Applicant further argued that "The CMP shown in Li can not be read to be CMP required by the claims... layer 16 does not have substantial planar top surface..."

In response to the applicant's argument, it is respectfully submitted that Li et al. '368 disclose all the claimed limitations the instant application as claimed in claims 31-36, 38-46 and 49-52 as applied above. For example, as shown in Fig. 2A and presented herein below, the first material layer 16 does not have a planar surface.

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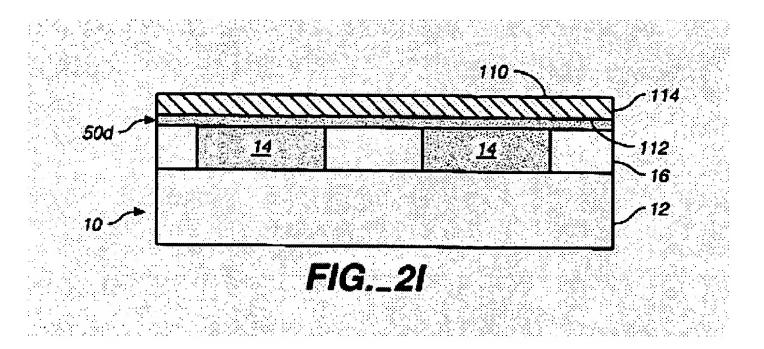
After the CMP process and removal of the material layer 18, the first material layer 16 having a substantially planar surface 19 as shown in Fig. 2G herein below.



Applicant further argues that "Li fails to teach or suggest formation of third material as claimed ..." In repose to applicant's argument, it is respectfully submitted that Li et al. '368 disclose all the claimed limitations of the instant application as claimed including forming of third material over the planarized second material. For example, Fig. 2I as shown below material layer 114 is meets the claim language third material layer as applied in the rejected claims in

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Paragraph 4 above.



Furthermore, the rejected claims do not specifically claim the type of material and process step such a way can be distinguishable form Li et al. '368 disclosure. In this regard, claims are given their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. See *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. See *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969). See also *In re Zletz*, 893 F.2d 319, 321-22, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

As shown above, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) is deemed proper and the rejection under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) also deemed proper and the *prima facie* case of obviousness has been met.

Conclusion

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE NON-FINAL.

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Correspondence

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brook Kebede whose telephone number is (571) 272-1862. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5 Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Brook Kebede Brook Kebede Primary Examiner Art Unit 2823

BK

December 12, 2005